



Critical Materials Institute

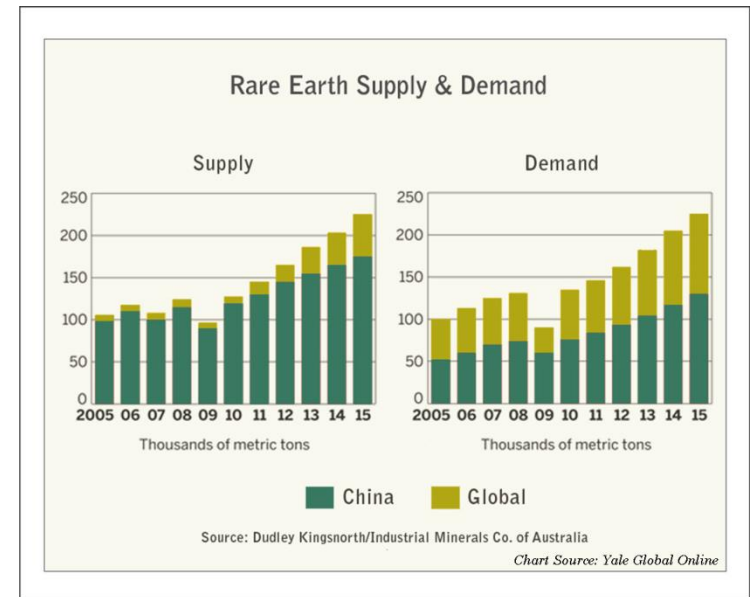
Microbial Mediated Recovery of Recycled Rare Earth Elements

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Importance

➤ REE are critical to energy and national security

- Lanthanides (include Sc & Y)
- Rare Earths are used in batteries, magnets, light phosphors, catalysts, abrasives, etc.
- Anticipated shortfall in HREE supply from China in next 10-15 years
- Demand for REE to increase
- New domestic sources are limited
- Waste streams are a major source of REE



Increase and diversify supply, increase efficiency of processing, develop substitutes, reuse and recycle materials

Challenges

- Recovery of metals from recyclable and waste materials involve intense temperature, pressure and harsh chemical multi-step processes
- Leaching of metals from urban wastes have high energy/capital costs, high CO₂ emissions, low efficiency of extraction, other environmental impacts and associated health hazards.



Our challenge is to develop clean, efficient, and low cost processes for REE extraction

Why Microbes?

➤ Biological factories

- Advantages of developing a microbial process:
 - Historical biomining (Cu, Au, Zn, Co, U)
 - Catalysis (dissolution kinetics)
 - Resilient and adaptable (pH/temperature tolerant, metal resistant)
 - Spatially specific (penetrate, biofilms)
 - Resourceful (efficient and specific)



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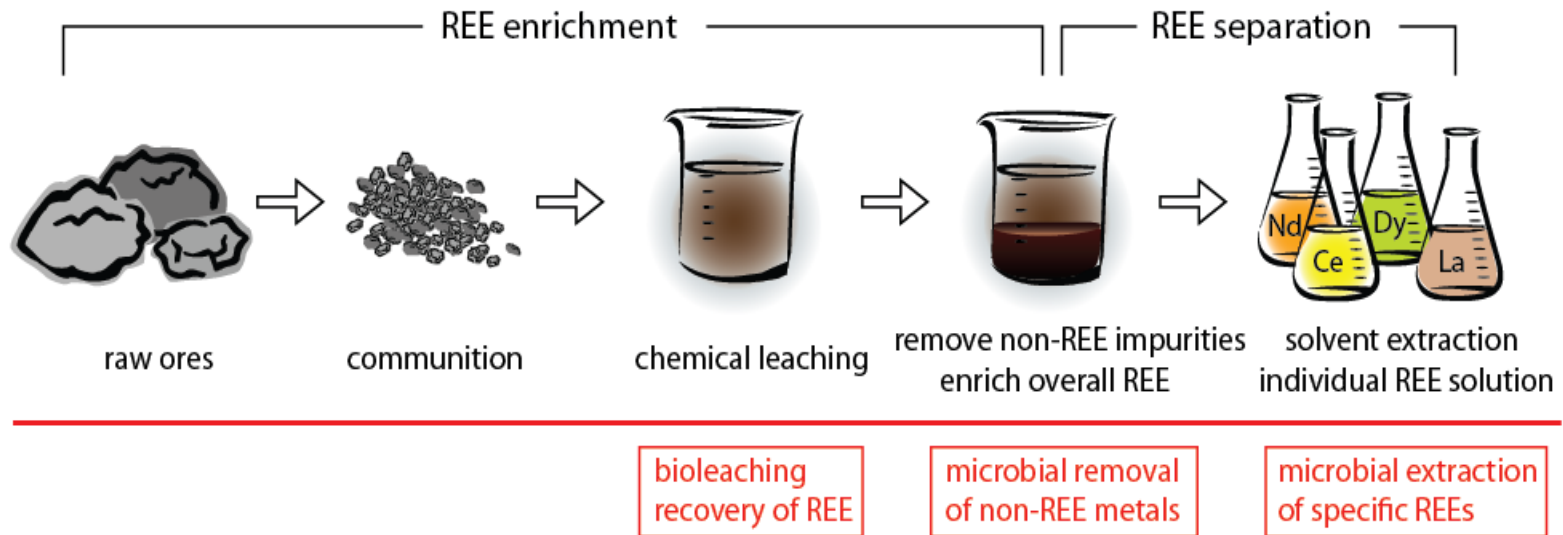
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A microbial mediated process can facilitate REE extraction from recyclable materials

Bioextraction Process

- A microbiological approach can be integrated into various stages of the REE extraction process



Microorganisms can be used for leaching and recovery of REE, removal of non-REEs, and selection of REE

Collection

➤ Bioleaching microbes

- Microbes adapted to low pH, high temperature
 - Acidic hot springs
 - YNP Norris Geyser Basin
- Microbes adapted to alter REE solubility
 - Bull Hill rare earth mine
 - Blackfoot Bridge phosphate mine
 - AERC phosphor powders



Collecting samples at Frying Pan Springs, YNP 84°C pH 2.2



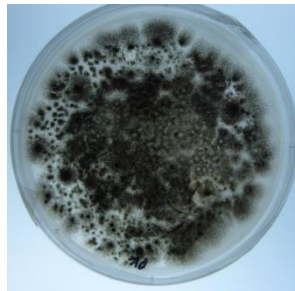
Blackfoot Bridge phosphate seam (dark)

Collected microorganisms from environments where REE dissolution characteristics may be evident

Enrichment

➤ Organisms for dissolution

- Enriched for microorganisms
 - Mineral acid production →
 - Autotrophs (sulfur oxidizers)
 - Organic acid production
 - Heterotrophs (glucose)

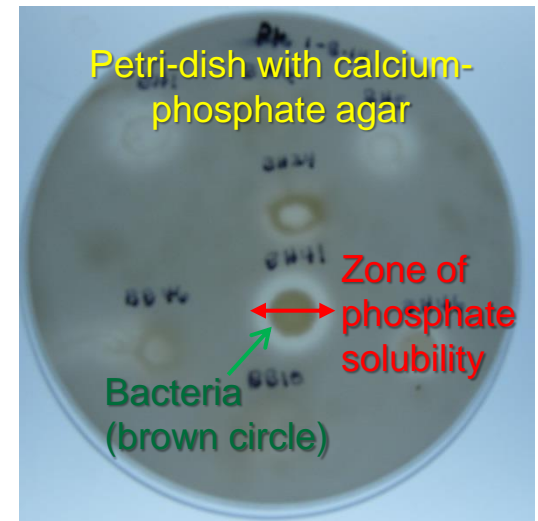
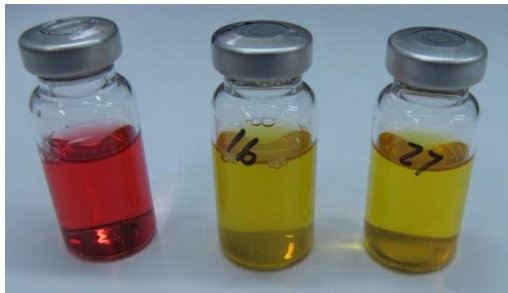


Enriched acid producing microorganisms with potential for solubilizing or concentrating REE materials from wastes

Microbial Isolation

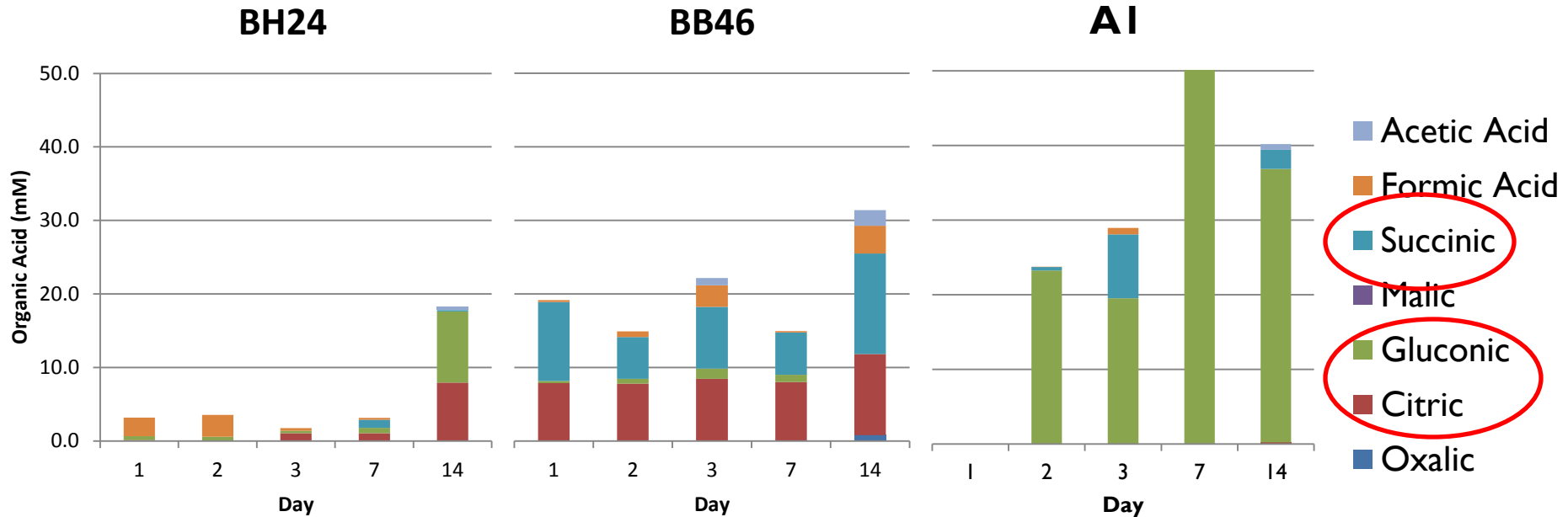
➤ Phosphor solubilizers

- Evaluated activity
 - Acid production (pH, HPLC)
 - Phosphate solubility (CaPO_4 clearing)



Isolated acid producing, phosphate solubilizing microbes

Organic Acid Production



Primary organic acids produced were citric, gluconic, succinic

REE Dissolution

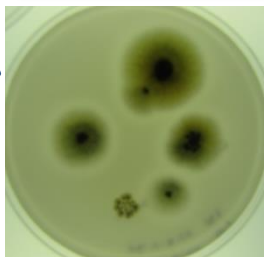
➤ Phosphor, catalyst, oxides

➤ Preliminary screening results after 14 days:

- *Lamp phosphor reactivity*
 - >10 mM Gluconic/citric acid, pH 3, 1% (Y, Eu)
 - BH24—*Pseudomonas*
- *Fluid cracking catalyst reactivity*
 - >10 mM Citric acid, pH 3, 3% (La, Ce)
 - BB46—*Pseudomonas*
- *REE-oxide reactivity*
 - >30 mM Gluconic acid, pH 6, >10% (Y, Eu)
 - A1—*Penicillium*

Isolated microorganisms capable of REE dissolution; similar to those with potential leaching/adsorption capabilities

Biological Process for REE Recovery



Strain isolation



Recycled materials

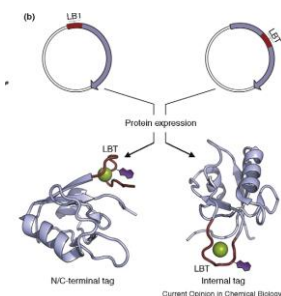
Biological Process



Phosphor powders

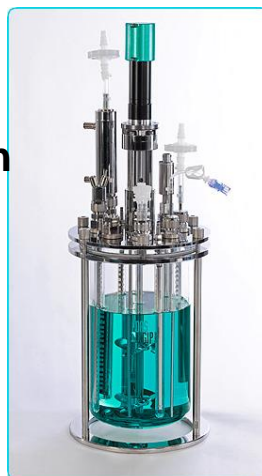


Strain discovery



Strain engineering

Leach



Immobilize

57 La Lanthanum	58 Ce Cerium	59 Pr Praseodymium	60 Nd Neodymium	61 Pm Promethium
62 Sm Samarium	63 Eu Europium	64 Gd Gadolinium	65 Tb Terbium	66 Dy Dysprosium
67 Ho Holmium	68 Er Erbium	69 Tm Thulium	70 Yb Ytterbium	71 Lu Lutetium

REE Recovery

Significance

- **CMI and INL are advancing the DOE mission by developing biological capabilities for sustainable processing of valuable REE resources**

- ✓ Reduce dependence on foreign REE sources



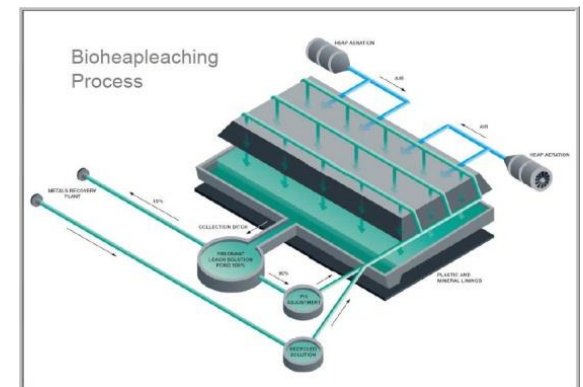
- ✓ Lower environmental hazards



- ✓ Reduce wastes



- ✓ Build a sustainable bio-based economy



Acknowledgments

- **Critical Materials Institute (AMES)**
- **Advanced Manufacturing Office of the Department of Energy's Energy Efficiency and Renewable Energy program**
- **LLNL**
 - Yongqin Jiao
 - Mimi Yung
- **INL**
 - Debby Bruhn
 - Dayna Daubaras
 - Vicki Thompson
 - Joni Barnes
 - Francisco Roberto (Newmont)
 - Jennalee Reiss (BYU-Idaho)