

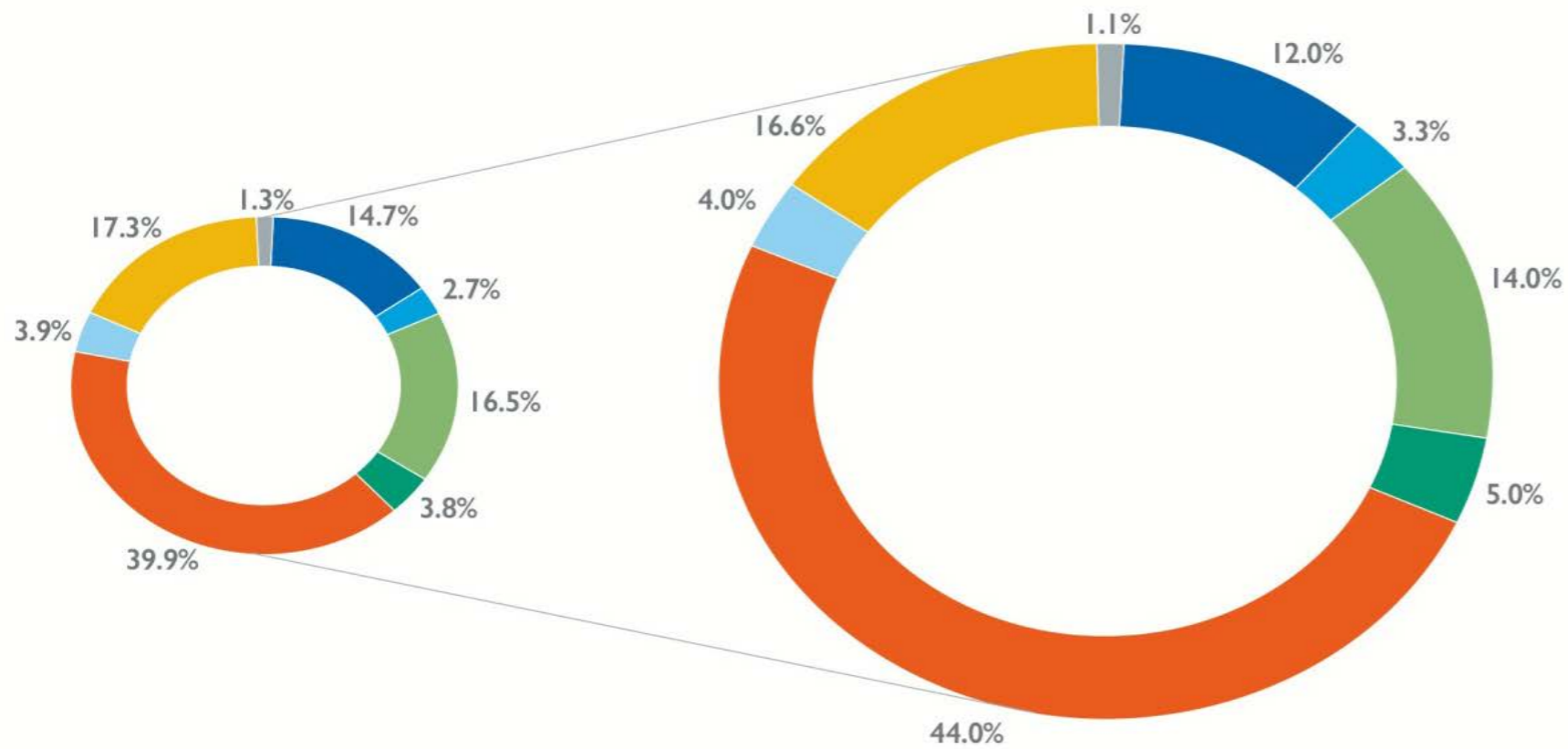
# TRENDS AND CHALLENGES IN CHEMICAL ENGINEERING RESEARCH-EUROPE

Guy B. Marin

# GROWTH WORLD CHEMICAL SALES 2015-2030

Sales 2015 (€3.5 trillion)

Sales 2030 (€6.3 trillion)



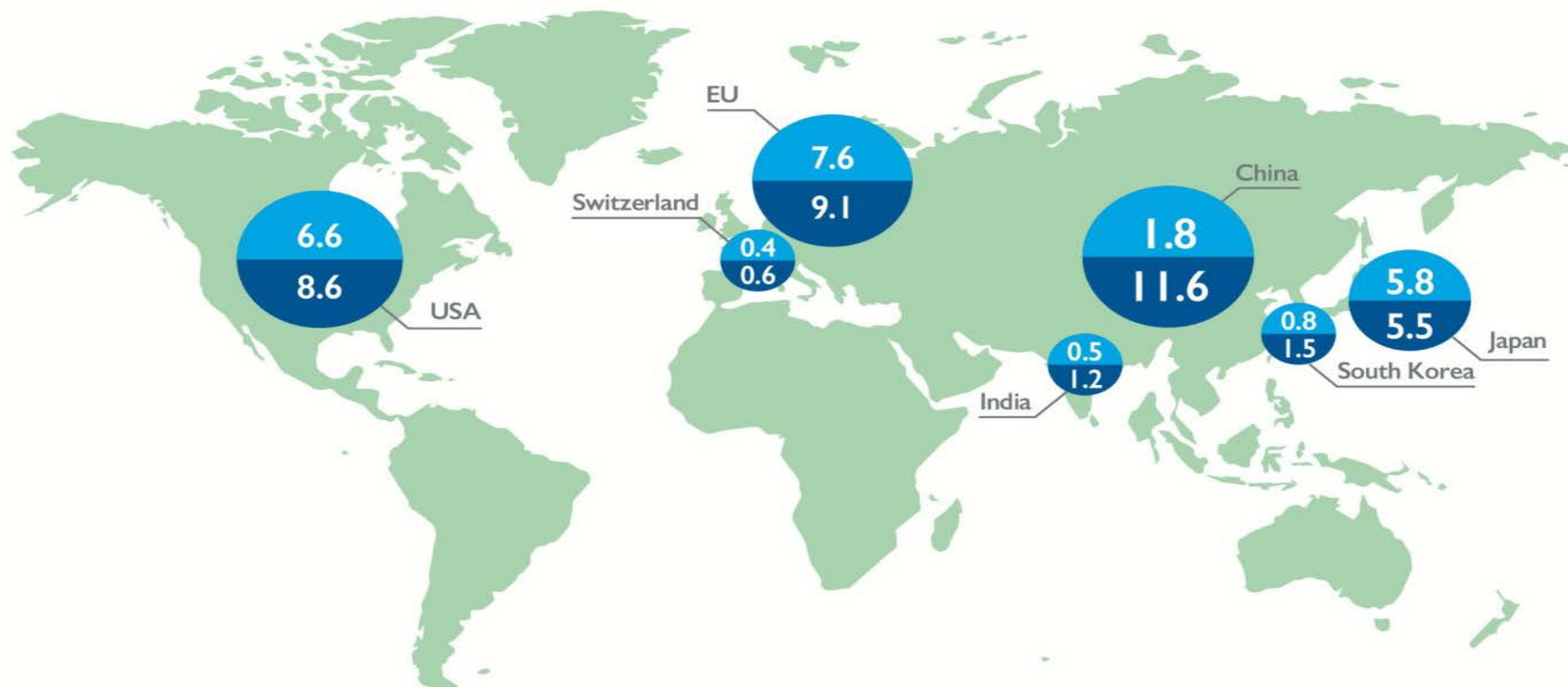
■ EU  
■ Rest of Europe\*  
■ NAFTA\*\*  
■ Latin America

■ China  
■ Japan  
■ Rest of Asia\*\*\*  
■ Rest of the world

\* Rest of Europe covers Switzerland, Norway, Turkey, Russia and Ukraine  
 \*\* North American Free Trade Agreement  
 \*\*\* Asia excluding China and Japan

Source: Cefic Chemdata International 2016

# R&D IN THE EU CHEMICAL INDUSTRY

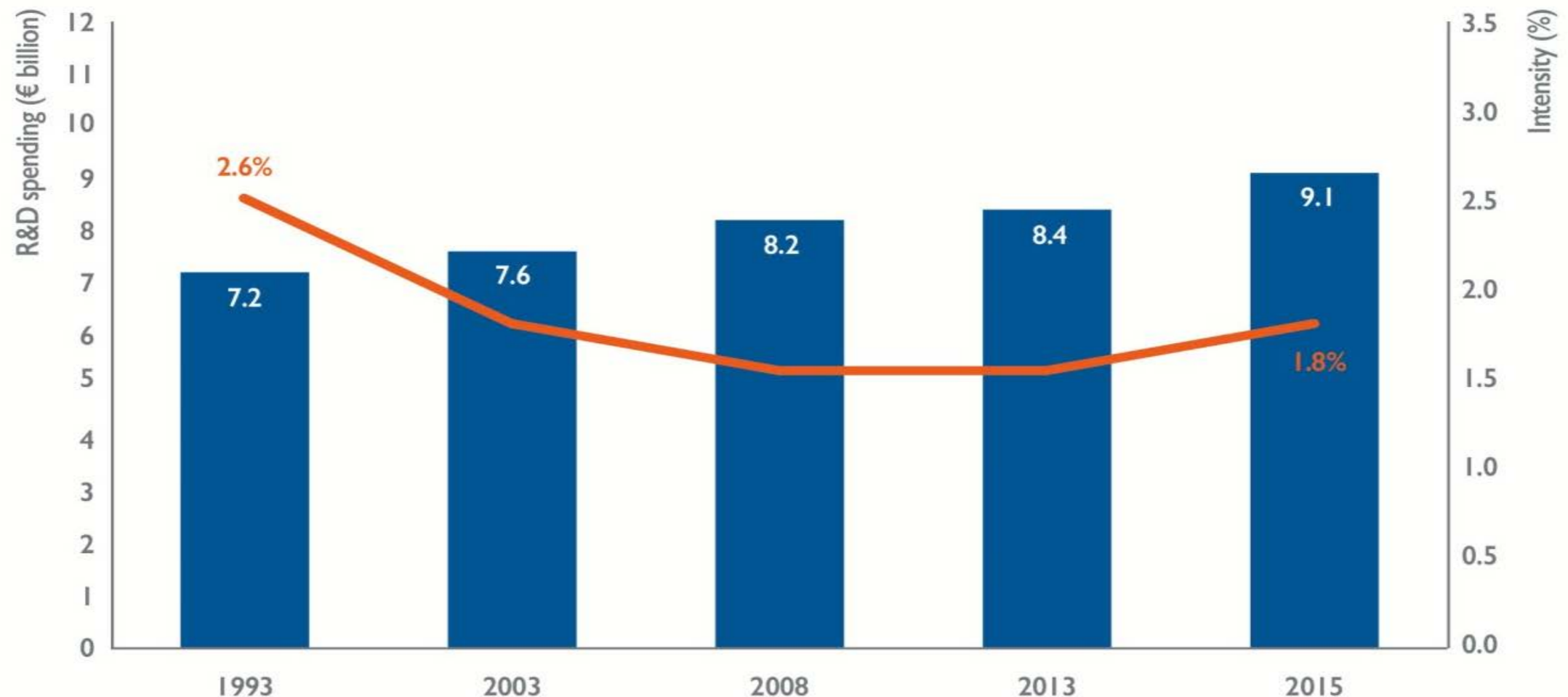


**R&D spending in 2005 (€ billion)**

**R&D spending in 2015 (€ billion)**

Source: Cefic Chemdata International 2016

# R&D IN THE EU CHEMICAL INDUSTRY



## Average growth rate p.a. 1993 – 2015

Sales (+2.9%)

■ R&D spending (+1.1%)

— R&D spending (% of sales) (-1.7%)

Source: Cefic Chemdata International 2016

# EUROPEAN RESEARCH COUNCIL (ERC)

- Set up in 2007 by the EU, the ERC funds ambitious projects in frontier research. It aims at:
  - Supporting excellent frontier research throughout Europe in all scientific domains: Life Sciences (LS), Physical Sciences and Engineering (PE), and Social Sciences and Humanities (SH)
  - Retaining and attracting the best scientific talent to Europe, by offering very substantial grants for up to 5 years

# ERC IN HORIZON 2020

- The ERC is a key component of Horizon 2020, the EU programme for Research and Innovation
- €13 billion budget for 2014-2020, i.e. 17% of the Horizon 2020 budget
- Over 60,000 applications received and around 7,000 projects funded
- Highly competitive calls: success rate is around 11%

# REUTERS MOST INNOVATIVE GOVERNMENTAL AGENCIES

Rank	Research institute
1	Alternative Energies & Atomic Energy Commision (France)
2	Fraunhofer Society (Germany)
3	Japan Science & Technology Agency (Japan)
4	U.S. Department of Health & Human Services (U.S.)
5	National Center for Scientific Research (France)
6	Korea Institute of Science & Technology (South Korea)
7	National Institute of Advanced Industrial Science and Technology (Japan)
8	U.S. Department of Energy (U.S.)
9	Agency for Science, Technology and Research (Singapore)
10	French Institure of Health & Medical Research (France)

# EPSRC ChE GRANTS (UK)

EPSRC: Engineering and  
Physical Sciences Research  
Council

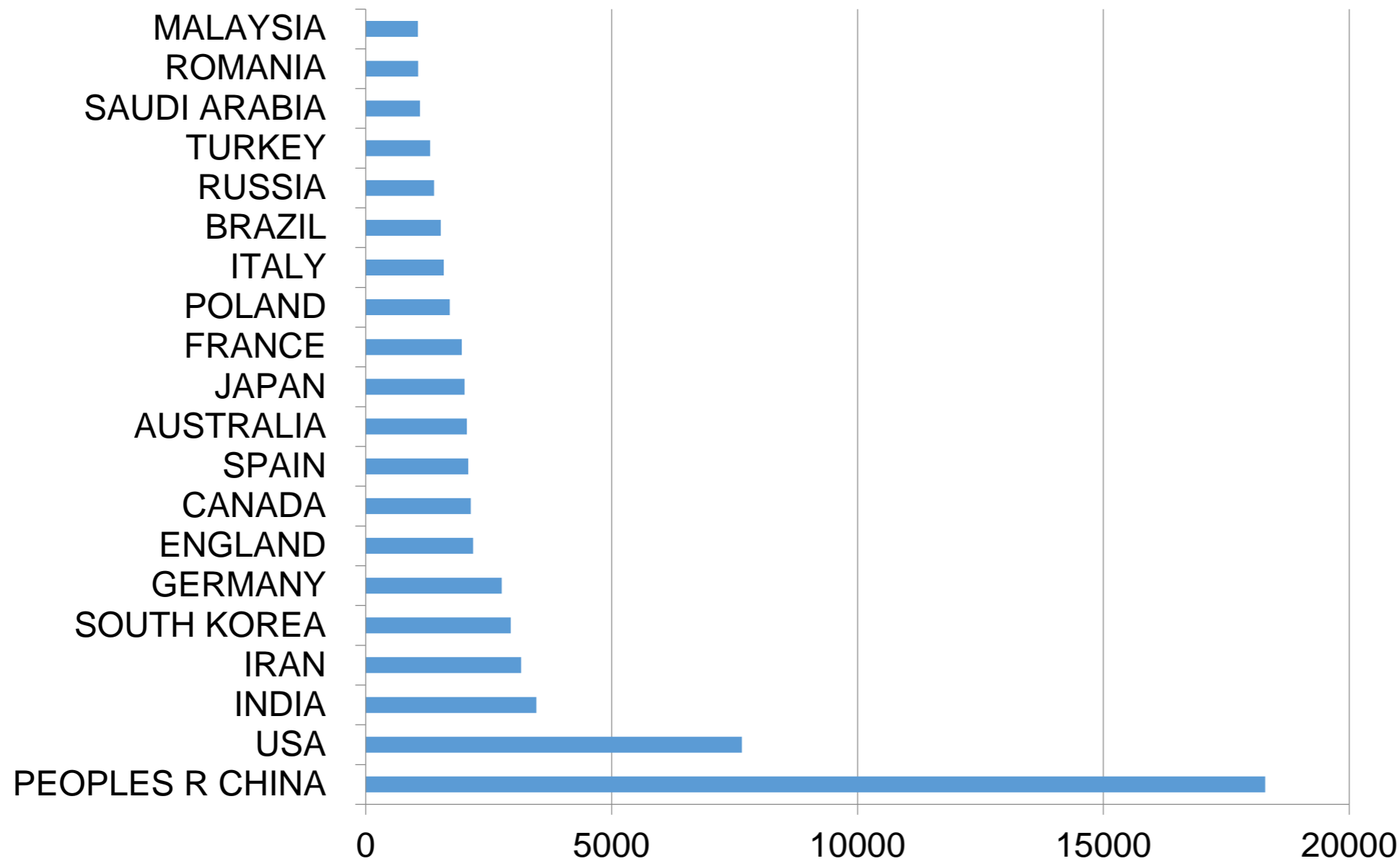
Research area	Value ChE grants (£)
Bioenergy	14 387 203
Carbon capture and storage	7 749 142
Catalysis	1 774 159
Chemical reaction dynamics and mechanism	1 340 153
Chemical structure	566 558
Combustion engineering	1 035 606
Complex fluids and rheology	17 130 678
Fluid dynamics and aerodynamics	2 821 945
Hydrogen and alternative energy vectors	11 585 220

**Grants in Chemical Engineering Departments: £ 58 390 664**



# SCIENCE CITATION INDEX: TOP 20 BY COUNTRY

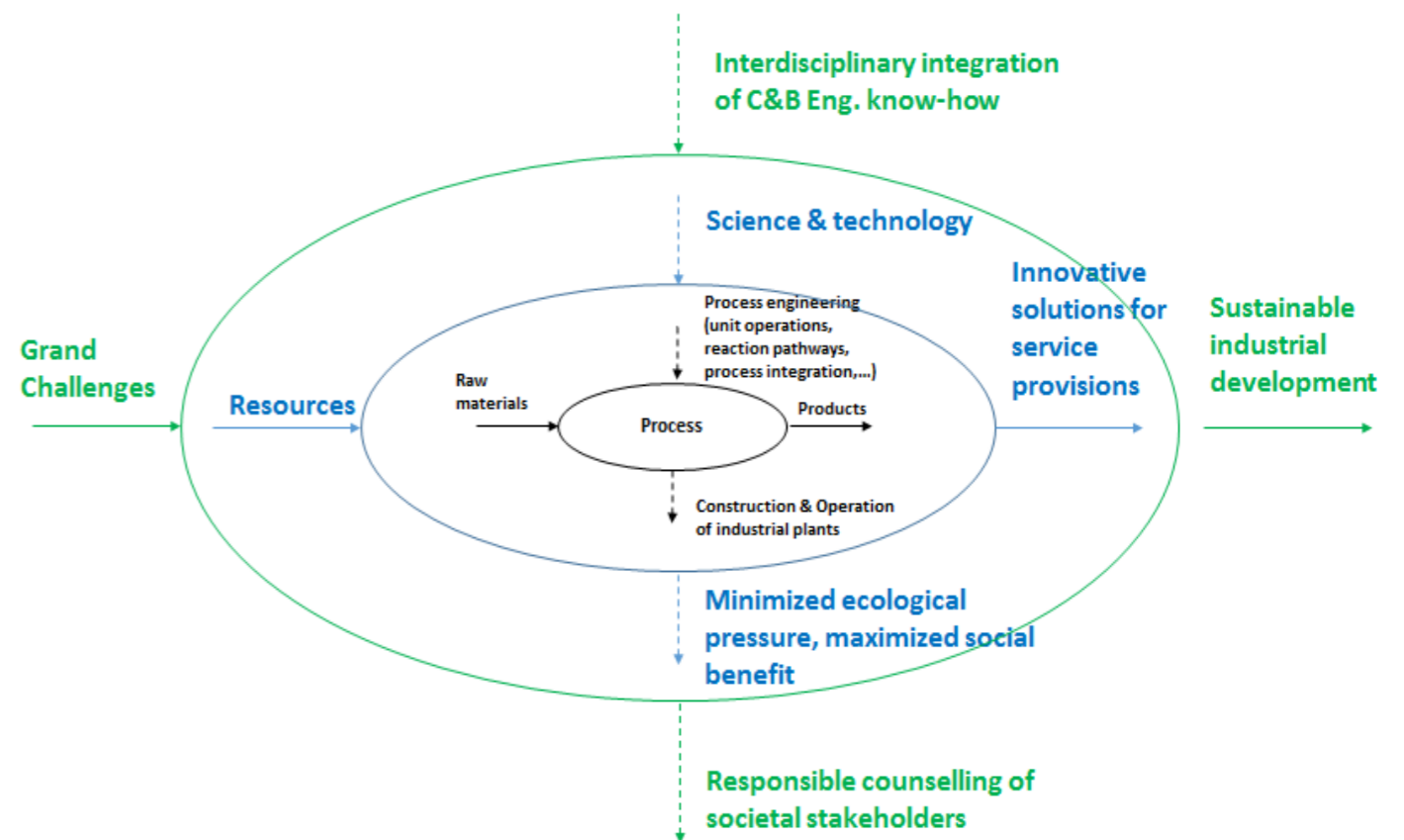
Search on "Chemical engineering"



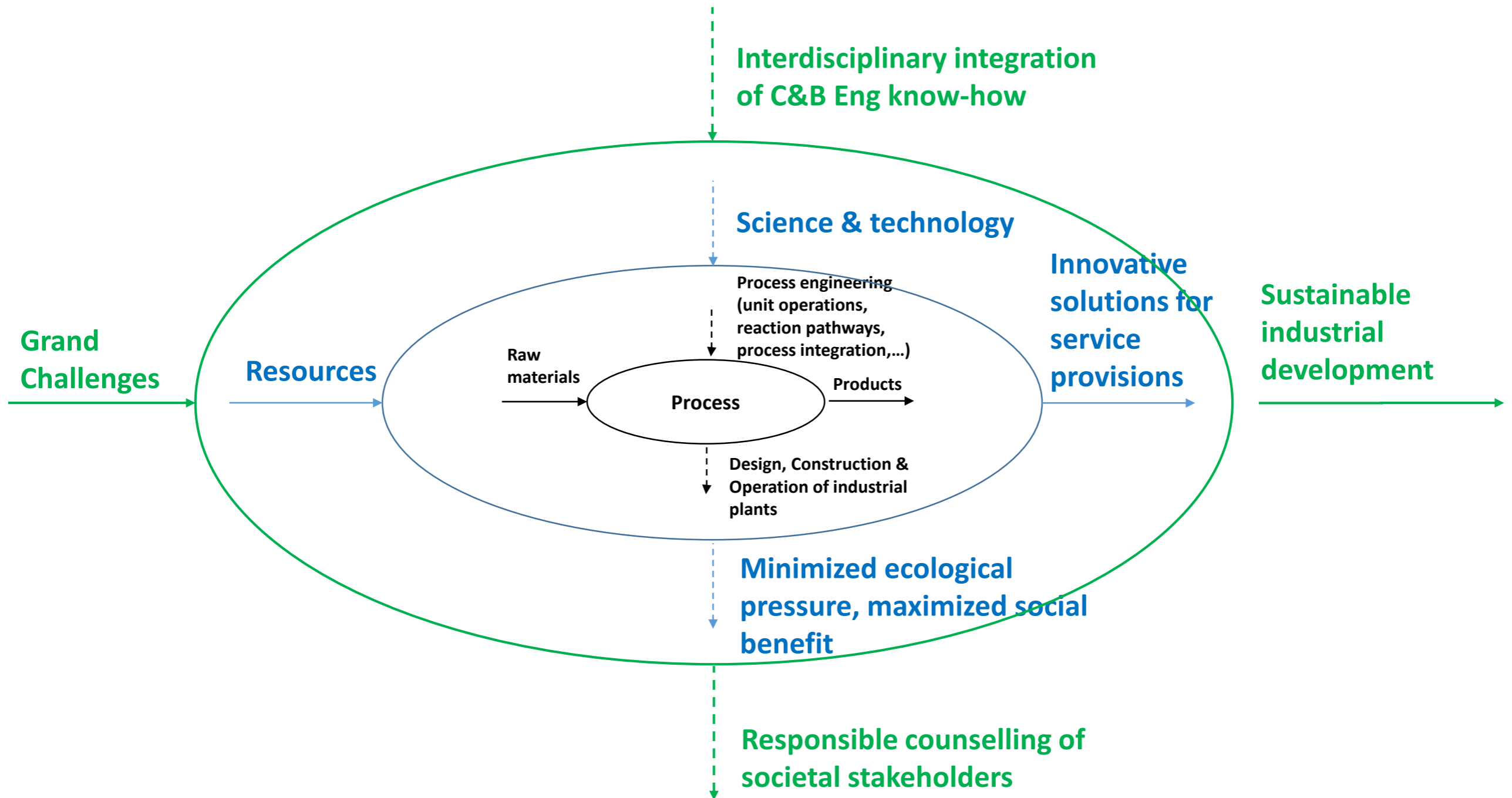
**26% of  
publications are  
European**

# A MULTI-LAYERED VIEW OF CHEMICAL AND BIOCHEMICAL ENGINEERING

Jerzy Bałdyga, Béatrice Biscans,  
Elisabetta Brunazzi, Enrico Drioli,  
Hermann Feise, Andrew Furlong,  
**Rafiqul Gani**, Kevin Van Geem, Andrzej  
Gorak, Jean-Charles de Hemptine,  
Gurkan Karakas, Antoon J. B. ten Kate,  
Jean-Marc Lelann, Guy Marin, Flavio  
Manenti, Michael Narodoslawsky,  
Patrick Piccione, Manuel Andres  
Rodrigo, Bent Sarup, Eva Sorensen,  
Nigel Titchener-Hooker, Luuk van der  
Wielen, John M Woodley



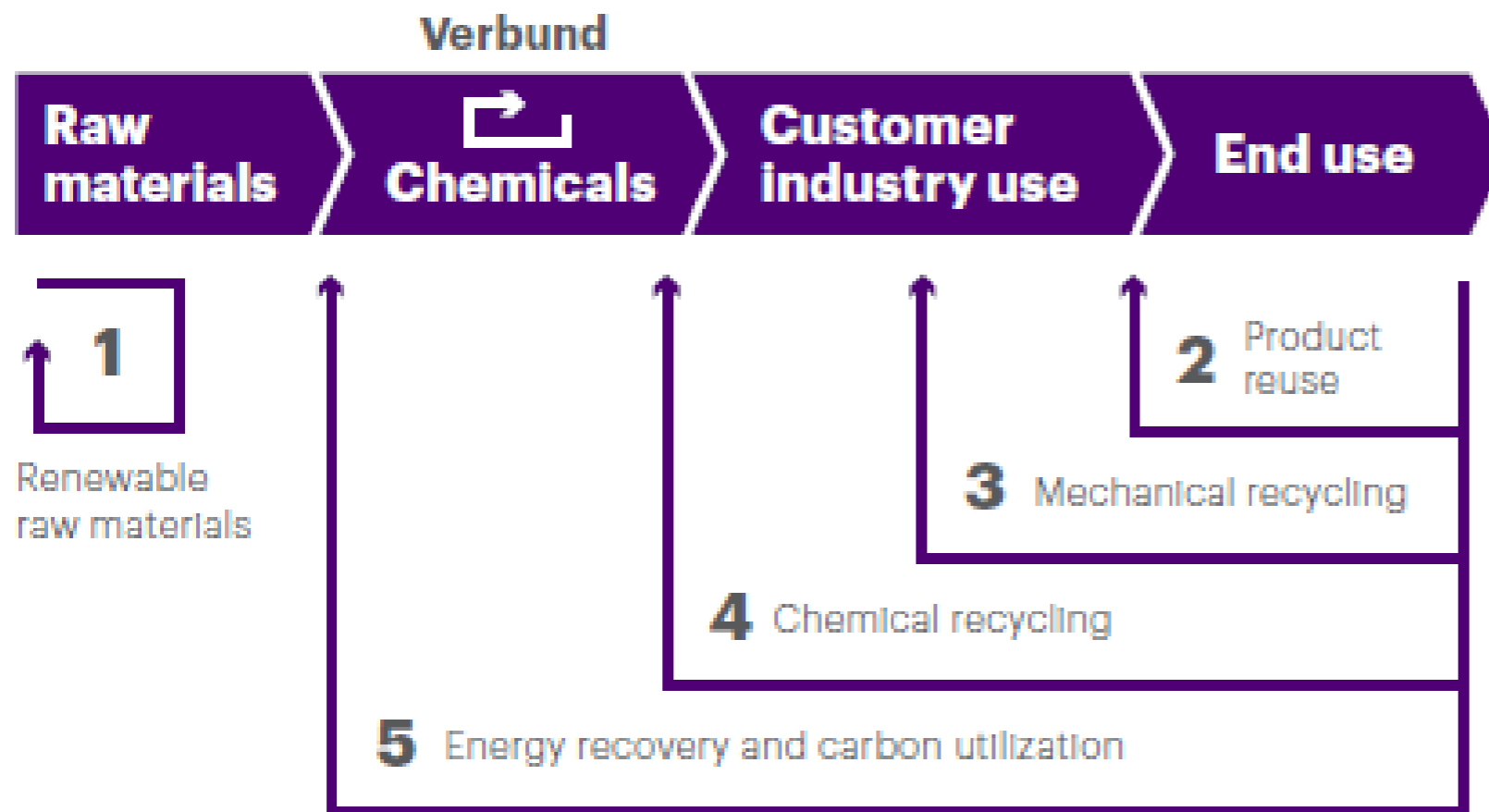
# The Outer Unifying Layer



# SUSTAINABLE PROCESS INDUSTRY THROUGH RESOURCE AND ENERGY EFFICIENCY (SPIRE)

- Public Private Partnerships (PPPs)
- Mission: ensure the development of enabling technologies and best practices along all the stages of large scale existing value chain productions that will contribute to a resource efficient process industry
- It represents:
  - 20% of the total European manufacturing sector more than 130 industrial and research process stakeholders
  - cement, ceramics, chemicals, engineering, minerals and ores, non-ferrous metals, steel and water sectors

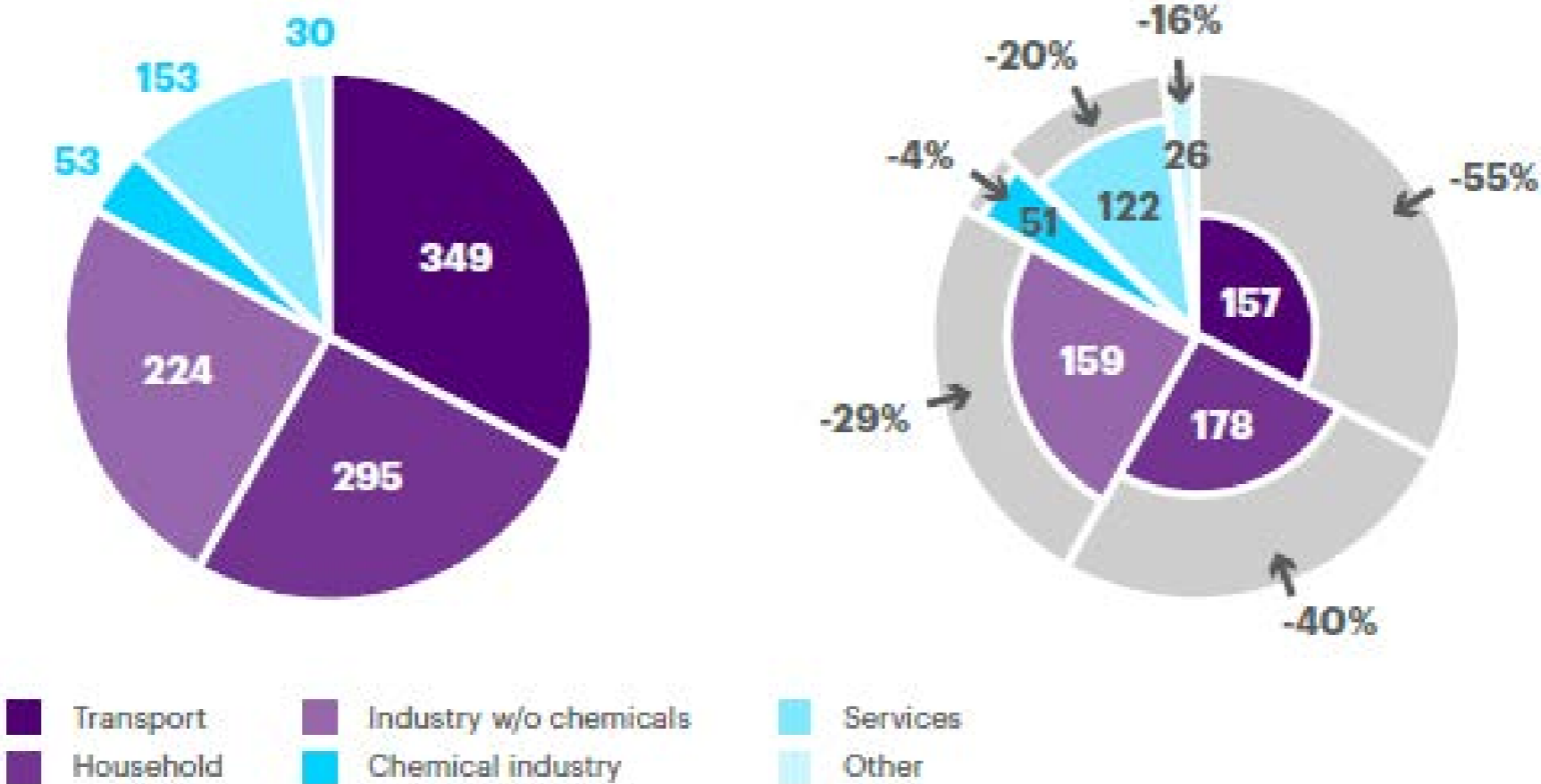
# THE CIRCULAR ECONOMY KEEPS PRODUCTS AT HIGHEST UTILITY AND VALUE



up to 70% of the European chemical industry molecules provided to customer industries and end-users can be recirculated using all five loops

Courtesy of Henk van den Berg

# ~ 425 MTOE OF EU ENERGY CONSUMPTION COULD BE REDUCED IN A FULLY FORMED CIRCULAR SCENARIO



Courtesy of Henk van den Berg

# FROM PARIS AGREEMENT TO ROADMAP 2050 VNCI – NETHERLANDS CHEMICAL INDUSTRY ASSOCIATION

– Three transition paths:

- **Circular economy and biomass feedstock**

Reuse of waste streams (e.g. CO from the steel industries and plastic waste) and application of biomass as raw material and heat source

- **Energy- efficiency and electrification**

Continuation of energy reduction program and use of electrical energy generated with minimum carbon

- **Maximum storage of CO<sub>2</sub>**

Large scale application of CCS (Carbon Capture and Storage) and CCU (Carbon Capture and Utilisation)

# INDICATOR FOR A CIRCULAR ECONOMY

$$\frac{\text{GDP} \times \text{GDP} \times \text{recycle rate}}{\text{TPES} \times \text{population} \times \text{CO}_2 \text{ emission}}$$

Country	Population	GDP (trillion \$)	TPES per capita (toe per capita)	CO <sub>2</sub> emissions (Mt CO <sub>2</sub> )	Recycle rate (%)	Indicator value (10 <sup>-2</sup> \$ <sup>2</sup> /toe /capita/tonne CO <sub>2</sub> )
USA	314.3 M	14.2	6.8	5.1	37	2.2
Germany	81.9 M	2.9	3.8	755	45	19.0

Sources: European Academies Science Advisory Council  
data: International Energy Agency (2013)



# ENERGY STORAGE: BETTER, MORE EFFICIENT

**Method:** uses of 2-dimensional nanomaterials, including graphene, to create and print batteries

**Result:** could increase the lifetime of a battery of about 5000 times

Valeria Nicolosi, Trinity College Dublin (Ireland)

**3D2DPrint** (3D Printing of Novel 2D Nanomaterials: Adding Advanced 2D Functionalities to Revolutionary Tailored 3D Manufacturing)



# CATALYSTS AND ULTRA-CLEAN FUELS

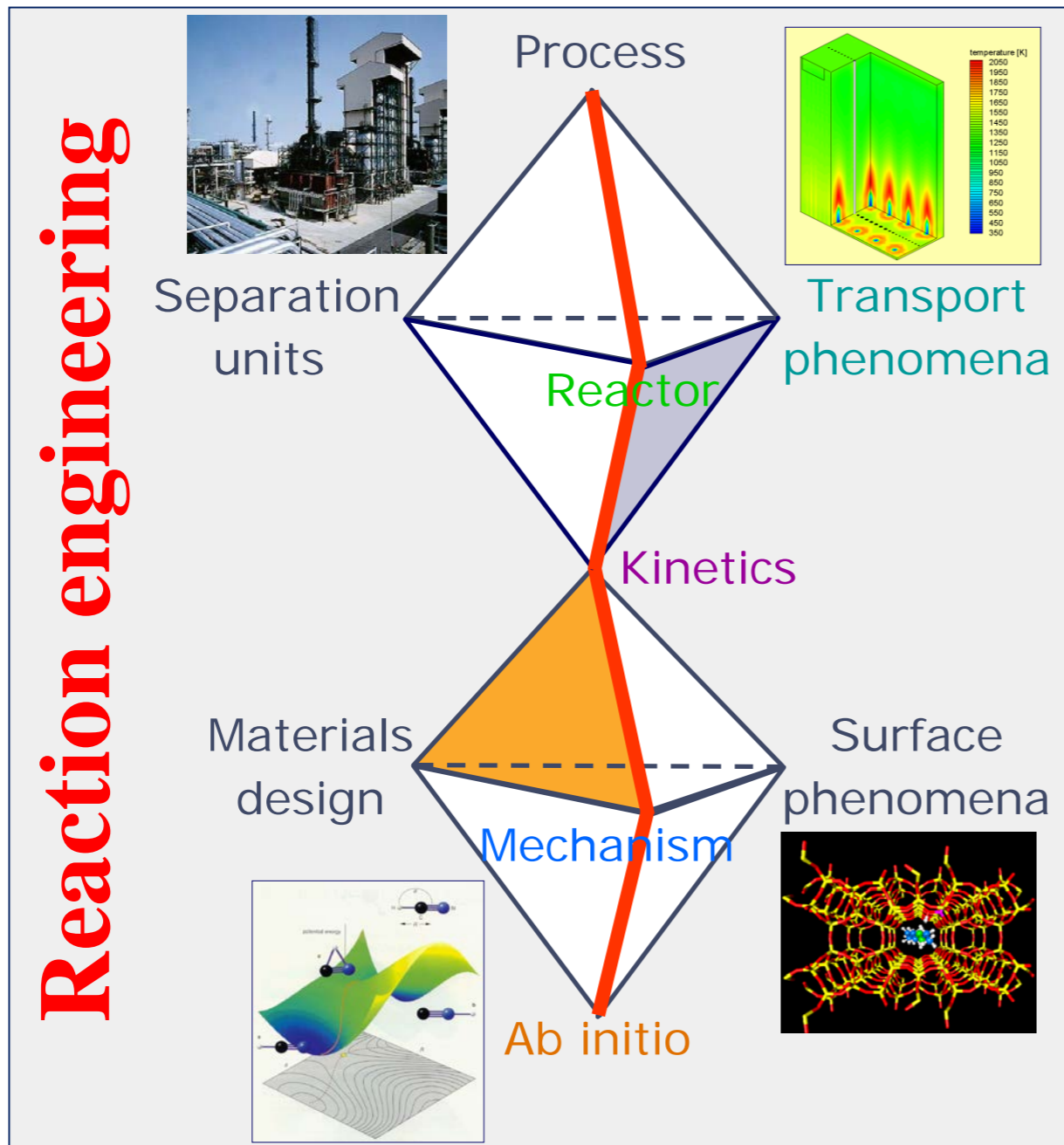
- ❖ The ERC research team developed a technique to produce high-quality diesel fuel that uses feedstock more efficiently, generates fewer by-products and results in much lower emissions.

Prof Krijn Pieter DE JONG, Utrecht University  
**NanoPartCat** (Supported Nanoparticles for Catalysis: Genesis and Dynamics in the Liquid Phase), ERC Advanced Grant 2013



[ERC story:](#)  
[Controlled Catalysis for ultra-clean fuels](#)

# TRENDS



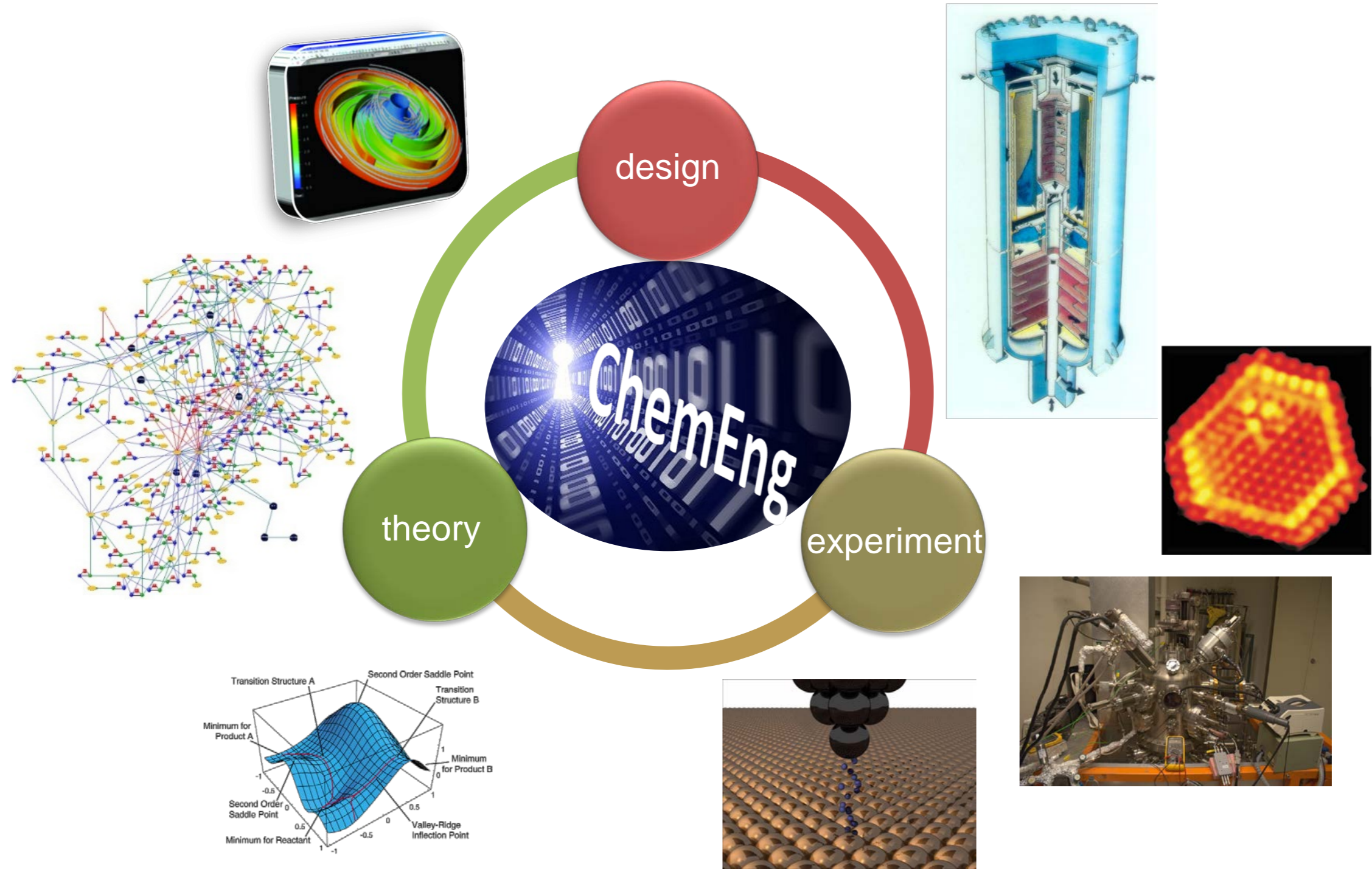
**Reaction engineering**

**Process level**

from atom (nm)  
to  
full process (m)

**Molecular level**

# CHEMICAL ENGINEERING IN THE 21ST CENTURY



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