Texas Board of Professional Engineers

Texas Board of Professional Engineers Professional Practice Update / Ethics

Lance Kinney, Ph.D., P.E. Executive Director

http://engineers.texas.gov/outreachsurvey

Agenda

About the Board
Core Functions

Licensing
Enforcement

Law and Rules
Board Activities



Website and Social Media

http://engineers.texas.gov

- Facebook: Texas Board of Professional Engineers
- Twitter: TBPE_Exec
- LinkedIn: Texas Board of Professional Engineers
- RSS Feed on our website: http://engineers.texas.gov
- YouTube: <u>https://www.youtube.com/</u> channel/UCm0YTnjR3StveBxWhCT4MiA
 YouTube



TEXAS BOARD OF PROFESSIONAL ENGINEERS

Nine Members - Appointed by Governor

- 6 Licensed Professional Engineers
- 3 Public Members
- Standard term is 6 years



TBPE

Daniel O. Wong, PhD, PE	Houston - Chairman
Kyle Womack, PE	Midland- Vice Chair
Catherine Norwood, PE	Midland - Secretary
Edward Summers, PhD (public member)	Austin - Treasurer
Lamberto "Bobby" Balli, PE	San Antonio
Sina K. Nejad, D.Eng, PE, PEng	Beaumont
Elvira Reyna (public member)	Denton County
Sockalingam "Sam" Kannappan, PE	Baytown
Albert Cheng (public member)	Houston



TBPE STAFF

31 Staff members, Austin <u>Lance Kinney, PhD, PE</u> - Executive Director <u>David Howell, PE</u> – Deputy Executive Director <u>Michael Sims, PE</u> - Compliance & Enforcement <u>Rick Strong, PE</u> - Licensing

Janet Sobieski - Operations



TBPE MISSION

Public Safety

Our mission is to protect the health, safety and welfare of the people of Texas by regulating and advancing the practice of engineering through licensure of qualified individuals, compliance with the laws and rules, and education about professional engineering.

Texas Board of Professional Engineers

History of TBPE

- Created by Texas Legislature (45R) in 1937
- New London School Explosion
 - 300 students and teachers killed
 - Result of improperly designed mechanical and electrical devices
- Established a Board to regulate the practice of engineering through licensing and rules of practice







BOARD PRIMARY FUNCTIONS

Since 1937 -

- License Qualified Engineers
- Enforce Engineering Practice Act
- Since 2003 Requiring Firm Registration
- Since 2005 Requiring Continuing Education

Now

 – Educate – PEs, Officials, Potential PEs, Public



TBPE LICENSING HISTORY

867 individuals registered on 1st roster published 02/12/1938

Over 131,000 Texas licenses granted since then.

Currently over 65,700 licenses



PROFESSIONAL LICENSING

- Protection of the Public
- Ethical expectations
- Competence
 - Initial Qualifications
 - Education, Experience, Examinations
 - Staying Current
 - Continuing Education
- Professionalism



PROFESSIONAL LICENSING

Fields that are regulated and licensed vary among individual states. Among regulated fields are health care professionals (medical doctors, nurses); psychologists; lawyers; teachers; engineers; ...- Wikipedia

- Most of these fields impact the public one person at a time.
- The work done by engineers generally has the potential to affect *many*.



PROFESSIONAL LICENSING

System to Protect the Public:

- Sets the minimum standards for licensure as a Professional Engineer
- Sets continuing practice and competence standards
- Sets ethical and professional standards
- Compliance with these standards of professional practice
- Standards for indicating competence (titles, seals, etc.)
- Prevents unqualified individuals from offering or practicing where it could endanger the public



Public Perception - Licensure



Please "click on" and "drag" each of these terms...based on whether you feel it describes professional licensure or not. (N=874)

Describes Doesn't Describe



Survey by McKinley Advisors

Public Perception of Engineers



Survey by McKinley Advisors



Public Perception of Engineers

Please tell me how you would rate the <u>honesty and ethical standards</u> of people in these different fields -- very high, high, average, low or very low? (Gallup 2016)

Profession	% Very High / High
Nurses	84%
Military Officers	71%
Pharmacists	67%
Engineers	65%
Medical Doctors	65%
Police Officers	58%



Public Perception - Safety







Texas Board of Professional Engineers



Texas Board of Professional Engineers

Licensing Competence

- Competence is gained by Education and Experience; Measured by FE and PE examinations
- Texas uses nationally accepted standards, but considers each application independently.
- Texas does not license by discipline, but Professional Engineers must not practice outside of their competence.
 - §137.59(a) Engineers shall practice only in their areas of competence.



Engineering Ethics

- Protection of Public Health, Safety, Welfare
- Ethical responsibilities and expectations
 - Avoid Conflicts of Interest
 - Be a Faithful Agent
 - Be prepared to have a dissenting opinion, if necessary
 - Obligation to be aware of violations of the Act.
- How does this protect the public?
 - We are expected to know the right thing to do and to do the right thing in the practice of engineering.



Professionalism

- Protection of Public Health, Safety, Welfare
- Communication
 - Honesty
 - Clarity (not misleading)
 - Respectful of all parties
 - Maintain Public Trust
 - Timely communication with the TBPE
- How does this protect the public?
 - We are expected to be complete and correct in the practice of engineering.



Licensing Ethics / Professionalism

- Multiple reference statements from other licensed engineers to vouch for character and engineering experience claimed.
- Exam on Texas Law and Rules
- Fingerprint-based CHRC
- Continuing Education related to Ethics after licensure



COMPLIANCE & ENFORCEMENT

Technical / Ethical / Professional

Approximately 600 Cases opened last year

- 65,770 licensed PEs (07/2018)
- About 65% resolved with Voluntary Compliance
- Board action includes range of action up to revocation
- Less than 10% Dismissed



Enforcement - Filing A Complaint

- Mail, email, phone, facsimile all are acceptable for initial contact
 - Anonymous complaints are accepted
- A complaint form or detailed letter/email is needed to cover all the bases
 - Forms can be found Online
- Provide specific instances of violation
- Provide evidence to show probable cause



Professionalism

scenario

Factors considered in each case review:

- 4) efforts or resistance to efforts to correct the violations;
- 5) the economic harm to property or the environment caused by the violation; and
- 6) any other matters impacting justice and public welfare, including any economic benefit gained through the violations.



Board Actions

- Reprimands (Formal and Informal)
- Suspension (possible probation)
- Refuse to Renew
- Revocation
- \$5,000 per violation per day
- Cease and Desist Orders
- Emergency Suspension



Additional Enforcement Options

- Ethics Courses
 - National Institute for Engineering Ethics (Texas Tech)
- Technical Courses
- Restitution
- Practice limitations
- Civil or Criminal cases
 - Assisting Jurisdictional Authorities



Enforcement

By law, all violations, except informal reprimands, must be published

- On TBPE website by Board Meeting Date
- Added to NCEES Enforcement Exchange (national database)
- Published in the newsletter which is mailed at least annually and quarterly E-newsletter emails



Preventing Complaints

- CLEAR:
 - Communication (between all parties)
 - Contract (expectations and responsibilities)
 - Calculations and designs (be prepared to support)
- Keep your Documentation

Most importantly – know the law, and contact us if you have a question!



Professionalism scenario

A P.E. was hired by a property owner to prepare a site plan for a rental property. After attempting to access the property, the renters refused to work with the engineer.

The P.E. discussed the issue with his client.

The client (not an engineer) provided his own version of the site plan to the PE.

The P.E. then signed and sealed the plans on the spot and gave them back to the client.



Professionalism scenario

This was a violation of:

- **A.** §137.33(b) License holders shall only seal work done by them or performed under their direct supervision.
- **B.** §137.57(b)(3) The issuance of oral or written assertions in the practice of engineering shall not be: misleading or shall not in any manner whatsoever tend to create a misleading impression.
- **C.** §137.63(a) Engineers shall engage in professional and business activities in an honest and ethical manner...
- D. All of the above.



Professionalism scenario

Answer: All of these

- A. §137.33(b) It is not enough to review and seal the work of another person. A PE can only seal work that he or she has personally generated or work that was generated under his or her direct supervision.
- **B.** §137.57(b)(3) By sealing work that is not his or hers, a PE is giving a misleading impression to the public
- **C.** §137.63(a) Passing off another person's work as your own would be considered dishonest.



Professionalism

scenario

Board Actions may differ

Factors considered in each case review:

- 1) the seriousness of the violation, including the nature, circumstances, extent, and gravity of the prohibited act and the hazard or potential hazard created to the health, safety, or economic welfare of the public;
- 2) the history of prior violations of the respondent;
- the severity of penalty necessary to deter future violations;


Engineer A – Licensed PE, practices engineering for a registered Firm in Texas

Engineer B – Licensed PE, chief engineer in the Firm, supervisor of engineering for the Firm.



Engineer A designs a structure under the supervision of Engineer B. Engineer B properly signs and seals the plans and provides them to the client.

During construction, the contractor recognizes a potential cost saving if the design can be altered by using a different connection type.

The contractor approaches the design firm about the change. They want a response as soon as possible.



Since Engineer A was the original designer, he gets the modification request. The proposed modification is not something he has seen before. Since other staff is unavailable, he runs the calculations and model as best he can.

He asks other staff to review it, but no one else has time.

He sends the modified design to Engineer B who signs and seals the revisions and gives them to the client and contractor.



During construction, there was a failure of the modified connection. After analysis, it was determined that Engineer A miscalculated the loads and the structure was underdesigned.



Who is responsible?

- A. Engineer A He is a licensed PE
- B. Engineer B He is a licensed PE who signed and sealed the plans.
- C. Neither. The Firm will be held responsible.
- D. Both
- E. None of the above.



Best Answer: D Although Engineer A did not sign and seal the final drawings, he is a licensed PE and expected to be competent. <u>Board Rule 137.59</u> Engineer B signed and sealed the documents, so he is ultimately responsible for work under his supervision. <u>Board Rule 137.33</u>



Obligations

Which of the following are required by the Texas Engineering Practice Act and Board Rules for all licensed engineers offering engineering in Texas:

- A. Obtain a seal using the format prescribed by Rule.
- B. Obtain Errors & Omissions / Liability Insurance.
- C. Register as an Engineering Firm or be associated with an existing Firm.
- D. Register with the Texas Secretary of State.
- E. All of the above.



Obligations

- A. Obtain a seal using the format prescribed by Rule.
- B. Obtain E&O Insurance.
- C. Register as an Engineering Firm or be associated with an existing Firm.
- D. Register with the Texas Secretary of State.



Obligations

Although it is often a good idea based on the practice, professional liability insurance is not required by the Texas Engineering Practice Act or Board Rules.

All PEs offering or performing engineering in Texas must have a registered firm (even as an individual.

Secretary of State registration may be required, but not in all cases.

Texas Board of Professional Engineers

A licensed PE works for a registered engineering firm. After going through the Qualifications Based Selection process, the firm is selected to provide engineering designs for a new municipal building. As part of its permitting process, the city requires plan submittals at several design stages (30%, 70% and final).

The city requires a PE seal on all plans submitted.



True or False? The City is in violation of Board Rules by asking for a seal on a preliminary document.

False



Under Section 1001.402 of the Act, "A public official of the state or of a political subdivision of the state who is responsible for enforcing laws that affect the practice of engineering <u>may</u> <u>accept</u> a plan, specification, or other related document <u>only</u> if the plan, specification, or other document was prepared by an engineer, <u>as evidenced by the engineer's seal.</u>



How do you do it? Board Rule **137.33(e)**

Preliminary documents released from the PE's control must be clearly marked as such, identifying the purpose of the document, the PE's name, number and date and including a statement such as *"This document is released for the purpose of (interim review, permitting, etc.) and It is not intended for (Construction, bidding, etc.)"*



Educate

PEs, Officials, Potential PEs, Public

- What is a P.E.? / What do they do?
- Public Perception
- The Value of Licensure
- How does the TBPE fit in?



Educate

- Engagement
- Outreach

– Presentations, webinars, publications

- Advisory Groups
 - Working with customer groups directly
 - Government, Academia, Industry, Future
 Engineers



Engagement – Professional and Technical Organizations

- Rule 137.63(a) [Engineers] should attempt to enhance society's awareness of engineers' responsibilities to the public and encourage the communication of these principles of ethical conduct among engineers.
- Training and Continuing Education
- Engineering Policy
- Latest Technical Information
- Engineering Networking / Mentoring / References



Outreach Publications









Professional Services Procurement Act?





TEXAS BOARD of Professional Engineers Engineering For A Better Toxas How to Become a Licensed Professional Engineer





What are the benefits of being a licensed Professional Engineer?







- 15 hours
 - Must include 1 hour of Ethics
 - May include up to 5 hours of self-study
 - May include up to 3 hours of **Educational Outreach**
- Random audits ongoing
- Keep documentation for 3 years
- Fines as high as \$5,000; separate violations for claiming Continuing Ed without documentation or not responding to Board.





TEXAS BOARD of PROFESSIONAL ENGINEERS Engineering For A Better Texas
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 512-440-7723

 Austin, Texas 78741-3702
 http://engineers.texas.gov

January 12, 2018

David Lawrence Howell, P.E. 14100 Thermal Drive #1704 Austin, TX 78728

RE: Continuing Education Audit for License #83290

Dear Professional Engineer:

Compliance with our continuing education requirement is **mandatory** for renewal of an Active license. Each renewal period we randomly select licensees so that we may audit their compliance with our continuing education requirements (see Board Rule 137.17 at our website <u>http://engineers.cosa.gov</u>). By Board rule, licensed engineers are required to obtain at least 15 hours of continuing education (1 hour of which must be ethics) during each renewal year. The educational activities should be relevant to your engineering career and may include safey, management and software training. You have been selected to participate in this process of verification for the current license renewal period covering **January 1**, 2017 through December 31, 2017.

Please forward to the Texas Board of Professional Engineers by February 12, 2018, COPIES of relevant documentation of your continuing education participation you obtained within the audit period of January 1, 2011 through December 31, 2017. These copies will remain in our office and will not be returned to you. Please note that the best response to this audit would be copies of completion certificates or certificates of attendance to continuing education activities. If you don't have certificates for the claimed activities, then include receipts, agendas, conference flyers or other documentation that shows you actually attended the claimed activity. You may also include a log sheet summarizing your continuing education with the documentation. Please note that the log sheet alone is not a sufficient audit response. Also note that just Joining a technical society is not enough to claim continuing education credit. You must be an officer or participate in a committee to claim credit.

It is preferred that you scan your information and e-mail a response to <u>cepaudits@engineers.tessa.gov</u>. If you scan your documentation, please, if possible, attach all of the documents in one file (limit 8 Mb). Do not send copies of material read for self-study, the title page and table of contents is sufficient. You **are limited to only 5 hours of self-study credit**.

If you received this audit notice, our records indicate that you were required to obtain at least 15 hours of continuing education during the renewal period and are expected to respond to this audit. If you were unable to obtain continuing education due to a medical condition or were deployed by the military for a period of time exceeding 120 days in the last year, you may be eligible for an exemption. If you claimed that you were exempt from Continuing Bucation for this period, please forward copies of all relevant documentation that you believe will support your exemption claim. **Please note you must respond to this audit even if you are over 65**. Please note that failure to respond may subject you to disciplinary action.

You should receive a letter in the mail confirming completion of the audit within 2 weeks of submittal. I will contact you if I need more documentation or have questions. Please do not include requests for additional information or other questions in your audit submittal. I thank you, in advance, for your assistance and prompt attention to this request. Please contact me if you have any questions or concerns regarding this matter.

Sincerely,

Debbie Trevino CE Coordinator



Exemptions - must be claimed when you renew

- 1st renewal if PE exam was within a year of licensure
- Active duty military deployment
- Disability
- Inactive status
- Being over 65 is not an exemption for Continuing Ed



- New NCEES system for Continuing Professional Competence (CPC) tracking and reporting
 - No fee to register and create an account
 - Upload documentation
 - Report as needed for different Boards





NCEES CPC

- Storage
- User specified reporting
 - By date
 - By State
- Accepted for Continuing Education Audit Purposes.



NCEES CPC

Edward McDowell -**CPC** Tracking E۲ ID: 15-789-44 * Accepts NCEES Standard 🗙 Boards + Add Course Courses South Carolina Sort by area Add Another Board Course Date Area Hours 18.0 hours 2016 State Licensing Board 06/27/2016 An Introduction to BIM and Automated Specifications Technical 10 VIOW Each state licensing board for which you would like to track your CPC requirements must be added to your account. Click add a board above. 06/27/2016 The Seven Success Secrets for Super Project Managers **Business Practice** 15 View Add Courses 06/24/2016 NSPE Annual Conference Technical 4.0 View Select "Add Course" to enter course information and upload supporting documentation. Individual courses will be applied to the appropriate state 06/24/2016 NSPE Annual Conference Ethics 2.0 View boards for tracking purposes and do not need to be entered more than once. 06/23/2016 NSPE Annual Conference **Business Practice** 4.0 View CPC Registry Guidelines 04/18/2016 National Academy of Engineering Convocation Technical 3.5 Use of this Registry to enter, upload, and store information on completed View CPC courses/activities does not guarantee that an individual jurisdiction's Radiant Heating Design and Controls 01/22/2016 Technical 10 CPC requirements have been met. The user retains the responsibility of View ensuring that CPC courses/activities have been properly accounted for, and 01/21/2016 Total Bathroom Design Technical 10 View that CPC requirements for each jurisdiction of licensure have been met, including details such as acceptability of courses, requirements for approved 2015 75 hours providers, required categories and number of hours, credit equivalency or conversion, renewal period requirements, and carry-over allowances. 07/17/2015 The Future of the Professional Engineer Ethics 15 View 07/16/2015 Licensure and Our Obligations Ethics 15 View 07/07/2015 Snow and Ice Melting Systems 10 Technical View 04/20/2015 National Academy of Engineering Convocation Technical 3.5 View 6.5 hours 2014 10/07/2014 ASCE Annual Meeting Seminars Technical 6.5 View

Privacy Statement + Terms of Use

Texas Board of Professional Engineers

Chat now

A Texas PE who practices in the Mechanical field sees an ad for an OSHA course and wants to know if he can claim credit.

- A. He can claim it if it is from an Approved Course Provider.
- B. He can claim it if it relates to his practice.
- C. He should call the Board and ask.
- D. None of the above



Best Answer B

- Texas Board rules do not require courses from an Approved Provider list.
- TBPE staff does not pre-approve courses.
- A Texas PE decides if a course is related to his or her practice and has "educational, technical, ethical, or managerial content"
- Keep in mind the goal of the Continuing Education program
- Think about Continuing Education throughout the year



The course he wants to take is <u>online</u>.

- A. He can claim it if he gets formal documentation showing the date, duration and course title from the provider.
- B. He can claim it as self-study hours even if he doesn't get formal documentation.
- C. He can't use online courses under Texas rules.
- D. He can only claim up to 5 hours of online courses.



Best Answer A and B

- Texas rules allow the use of online courses. If documentation is provided, it is treated the same as classroom hours.
- Documentation is ideally completion certificates, but could also include "self-certification forms, sign-in sheets, receipts, agendas, conference flyers or other documentation that shows you actually attended the claimed activity".
- Self-study hours are for any educational activity that does not have complete documentation (limited to 5 hours per year).



Licensing Did you know???

• Only about 20% of US engineers are licensed.

Bureau of Labor Statistics (2016)

- 146,400 engineers in Texas
 - Civil 26,500
 - Petroleum 18,000
 - Industrial 16,000







Law and Rules

- Board is authorized by the Texas Engineering Practice Act
- Board interprets and implements the statute to create Rules
- Other statutes and rules also apply to engineering (PSPA, Windstorm, Architectural Barriers/ADA, etc.)
- Texas Professional Engineers are expected to know the Act, Board Rules, applicable state laws and local codes.



Engineering for a better Texas

Policy Advisory Opinions

- Provision Added to TEPA in 2003
- Allows Board to develop formal written interpretations of law and rules for specific or hypothetical 'Gray Areas'
- Over 40 interpretations for a variety of subjects

 <u>http://engineers.texas.gov/policy.htm</u>
- How to submit PAO Request / Forms at:
 - <u>http://engineers.texas.gov/Policy_Advisory.htm</u>



Legislative News and Rulemaking



Legislation 86th Session (2019)

- Bill filing begins November 12, 2018
- Session starts January 8, 2019
- Last filing date March 8, 2019
- Regular session adjournment May 27, 2019
- TBPE tracks filing and activity
- Will post any bills affecting the engineering community on its website.



Rules - Decoupling

May 2016

- Allows PE exam to be taken while experience is being obtained. Must be a Texas EIT.
- Increased flexibility for applicants
- Does not reduce licensing requirements.
- October 2016 PE Exam is the first affected
- April 2017 registrations were approximately twice the number from April 2016



Decoupling





NCEES

- CPC activity tracking system
- CBT Computer Based Testing
 - Fundamentals of Engineering exam 2014
 - 6 Hour Exam / year-round starting in 2016
 - PE exams to be converted over the next five years starting in 2018
 - Chemical January 2018 (continuous)
 - Nuclear October 2018 (single day)
 - Environmental 2019
 - Petroleum 2019
 - Mechanical, Fire Protection, Industrial 2020



Engagement - Webinars

- PE Ethics
 - March, June, September, December
 - Sign up online
- FE Exam / Why become a PE? (Students)
- How to Apply (EITs)



Engagement





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Outreach

Fiscal Year	Attendees	Presentations
2014	14,866	155
2015	19,751	150
2016	19,429	138
2017	23,004	150
2018	22,954	161

- Quarterly Webinars
- Includes K-12 / E-Week



Thank You

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